

of June 29, 1951, shall be superseded by the provisions of this order as of the date set out in the paragraph numbered 1, above.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
November 10, 1952.

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10409

AWARD OF THE PURPLE HEART TO PERSONS SERVING WITH THE NAVY, MARINE CORPS, OR COAST GUARD OF THE UNITED STATES

By virtue of the authority vested in me as President of the United States and as Commander in Chief of the armed forces of the United States, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. The Secretary of the Navy shall award the Purple Heart, in the name of the President of the United States, to any person who while serving in any capacity with the Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard of the United States has been, or may hereafter be, wounded (a) in any action against an enemy of the United States, (b) in any action with an opposing armed force of a foreign country in which the armed forces of the United States are engaged, or (c) as the result of an act of any such enemy or opposing armed force.

2. The Secretary of the Navy shall award the Purple Heart posthumously, in the name of the President of the United States, to any person who while serving in any capacity with the Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard of the United States after April 5, 1917, has been, or may hereafter be, killed, or who has died or may hereafter die subsequent to being wounded, (a) in any action against an enemy of the United States, (b) in any action with an opposing armed force of a foreign country in which the armed forces of the United States are engaged, or (c) as the result of an act of any such enemy or opposing armed force.

3. The wound for which the award is made must have required treatment by a medical officer.

4. The Purple Heart shall be forwarded to the nearest of kin of any person entitled to the posthumous award, regardless of whether a previous award has been made to such person, except that if the award results from service prior to December 7, 1941, the Purple Heart shall be forwarded to such

nearest of kin upon his application therefor to the Secretary of the Navy.

5. Except as authorized in paragraph 4 hereof, no more than one Purple Heart shall be awarded to any one person, but for each subsequent justification for such an award a Gold Star, or other suitable device, shall be awarded to be worn with the Purple Heart as prescribed by appropriate regulations.

6. If so authorized by the Secretary of the Navy, the award of the Purple Heart may be made by the Commander in Chief of a fleet, or by such other appropriate officer or officers as the Secretary of the Navy may designate.

7. The Secretary of the Navy may issue such regulations as he may deem appropriate to effectuate the purposes of this order. The regulations of the Secretary of the Navy and the regulations of the Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of the Air Force with respect to the award of the Purple Heart shall, so far as practicable, be of uniform application, and shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of Defense.

8. This order shall supersede Executive Order No. 9277 of December 3, 1942, entitled "Award of the Purple Heart to Persons Serving with the Navy, Marine Corps or Coast Guard of the United States", but existing regulations issued pursuant to that order shall, so far as they are not inconsistent with this order, remain in effect until modified or revoked by regulations issued by the Secretary of the Navy pursuant to this order.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
November 12, 1952.

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10410

SPECIFICATION OF LAWS FROM WHICH THE ESCAPEE PROGRAM ADMINISTERED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE SHALL BE EXEMPT

By virtue of the authority vested in me by section 532 of the Mutual Security Act of 1951, as added by section 7 (m) of the Mutual Security Act of 1952 (Public Law 400, approved June 20, 1952, 66 Stat. 146), it is hereby determined that the performance of functions with respect to the escapee program, authorized by section 101 (a) (1) of the Mutual Security Act of 1951, as amended, and administered by the Department of

13 CFR, 1943 Cum. Supp.

findings as to what extent, if any, the withdrawal, suspension, or modification involved remains necessary in order to prevent or remedy serious injury or the threat thereof to the domestic industry concerned. The Commission may prescribe such rules and regulations for the conduct of investigations under this paragraph as it shall deem appropriate.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
October 14, 1952.

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10402

ENFORCEMENT OF THE CONVENTION FOR SAFETY OF LIFE AT SEA, 1948

WHEREAS under Article I of the International Convention for Safety of Life at Sea, signed at London on June 10, 1948, ratified by the United States of America, and proclaimed by the President on September 10, 1952 (Treaties and Other International Acts, Series 2495), the Government of the United States of America, together with the governments of the other countries which have become parties to the Convention, undertakes to give effect to the provisions of the said Convention and of the Regulations annexed thereto, to promulgate all laws, decrees, orders, and regulations, and to take all other steps which may be necessary to give the Convention full and complete effect, so as to insure that, from the point of view of safety of life, a ship is fit for the service for which it is intended; and

WHEREAS it is expedient and necessary, in order that the Government of the United States of America may give full and complete effect to the said Convention, that several departments and agencies of the executive branch of the said Government perform functions and duties thereunder; and

WHEREAS in accordance with Article XI of the Convention it has been determined that the Convention will come into force on November 19, 1952:

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of and pursuant to the authority vested in me as President of the United States of America, it is ordered as follows:

1. The Department of State, the Department of the Treasury (Coast Guard), the Department of Commerce (Weather Bureau), and the Federal Communications Commission, respectively, are hereby directed, in relation to the fulfillment of the obligations undertaken by

the Government of the United States of America under the said Convention, to perform the functions and duties therein prescribed and undertaken which appertain to the functions and duties which they severally are now directed or authorized by law to perform. Each of the said departments and the said commission shall cooperate and assist the others in carrying out the duties imposed by the Convention and by this order.

2. The Department of the Treasury (Coast Guard), or such other agency as may be authorized by law so to do, shall issue certificates as required by the said Convention, and in any case in which a certificate is to include matter which appertains to the functions and duties directed or authorized by law to be performed by any department or agency other than the issuing agency, the issuing agency shall first ascertain from such other department or agency its decision with respect to such matter, and such decision shall be final and binding.

3. Whenever the Coast Guard operates as a part of the Navy, the functions to be performed by the Department of the Treasury (Coast Guard) under this order shall vest in and be performed by the Department of the Navy (Coast Guard).

4. This order supersedes Executive Order No. 7548 of February 5, 1937, entitled "Enforcement of the Convention for Safety of Life at Sea, 1929", to the extent that the said International Convention for Safety of Life at Sea signed at London on June 10, 1948, replaces and abrogates the International Convention for Safety of Life at Sea signed at London on May 31, 1929.

5. This order shall be effective as of September 10, 1952.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
October 30, 1952.

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10403

RESERVING CERTAIN LANDS COMPRISING A PART OF THE FORT MISSOULA MILITARY RESERVATION AS AN ADDITION TO THE FORT MISSOULA DISTRICT OF THE LOLO NATIONAL FOREST

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the provisions of section 9 of the act of Congress approved on June 7, 1924, entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of forest lands, for the reforestation of denuded areas, for the extension of National Forests, and for other pur-

shall be construed to prevent voluntary re-enlistments or voluntary extension of existing enlistments under the provisions of applicable laws or the regulations of the Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force, or the United States Coast Guard.

The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of the Treasury are hereby directed to take such steps as they may respectively deem necessary to carry out the provisions of this order.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
April 17, 1952.

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10346

PREPARATION BY FEDERAL AGENCIES OF CIVIL DEFENSE EMERGENCY PLANS

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950, approved January 12, 1951 (Public Law 920, 81st Congress), and as President of the United States and Commander in Chief of the Armed Forces of the United States, it is hereby ordered as follows:

SECTION 1. In furtherance of national planning for the utilization of the personnel, materials, facilities, and services of the Federal departments and agencies which will be required in the event of a civil-defense emergency, each Federal department and agency shall, in consultation with the Federal Civil Defense Administration, prepare plans for providing its personnel, materials, facilities, and services pursuant to the provisions of section 302 of the said Federal Civil Defense Act during the existence of a civil-defense emergency. The plans of each department and agency shall take into consideration the essential military requirements of the Department of Defense with respect to such department or agency.

Sec. 2. In addition to the plans required by section 1 hereof, each Federal department and agency shall prepare plans for maintaining the continuity of its essential functions at the seat of Government and elsewhere during the existence of a civil-defense emergency. The personnel, materials, and facilities required for this purpose shall be exclusive of the personnel, materials, and facilities required for the execution of

the plans prepared pursuant to section 1 of this order. In the preparation of the continuity plans required by this section, each department and agency shall consult with the Federal Civil Defense Administration with respect to the civil-defense aspects of its functions. In order to achieve uniformity of planning for the continuity of essential functions, the National Security Resources Board shall establish such standards and policies as it may from time to time deem desirable. That portion of the continuity plans of a department or agency which involves its functions at the seat of Government shall become effective upon approval by the President, and that portion, if any, which involves functions performed elsewhere shall become effective upon approval by the head of the department or agency concerned.

SEC. 3. The Federal Civil Defense Administrator shall assist the departments and agencies by indicating the types of personnel, materials, facilities, and services considered useful for civil-defense purposes in time of emergency; arrange for the use of such personnel, materials, facilities, and services as are not required for maintaining the continuity of the essential functions of the departments and agencies; and coordinate such arrangements with national, State, and local civil-defense plans.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
April 17, 1952.

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10347

PROVIDING FOR THE AFFIXING OF THE SEAL OF THE UNITED STATES TO CERTAIN PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS

By virtue of the authority vested in me by section 301 of title 3 of the United States Code (section 10, Public Law 248, approved October 31, 1951, 65 Stat. 713), and as President of the United States, I hereby authorize and direct the Secretary of State to affix the Seal of the United States, pursuant to section 42 of title 4 of the United States Code, without any special warrant therefor, other than this order, to each document included within any of the following classes of documents when such document has been signed by the President and, in the case of any such document to which the counter-signature of the Sec-

2. The words "Thirty days" in paragraph numbered 8 are amended to read "Sixty days".

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
December 15, 1950.

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10193

PROVIDING FOR THE CONDUCT OF THE MOBILIZATION EFFORT OF THE GOVERNMENT

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and statutes, including the Defense Production Act of 1950, and as President of the United States and as Commander-in-Chief of the armed forces, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. There is hereby established in the Executive Office of the President the Office of Defense Mobilization. There shall be at the head of such Office a Director of Defense Mobilization, hereinafter called the Director, who shall be appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and who shall receive compensation at the rate of \$22,500 per annum.

2. The Director shall on behalf of the President direct, control, and coordinate all mobilization activities of the Executive Branch of the Government, including but not limited to production, procurement, manpower, stabilization, and transport activities.

3. All functions delegated or assigned by or pursuant to the provisions of Executive Orders Nos. 10161 of September 9, 1950¹ and 10172 of October 12, 1950¹ shall be performed by the respective officers concerned, subject to the direction and control of the Director.

4. In carrying out the functions conferred upon him by this order, the Director shall from time to time report to the President concerning his operations under this order and issue such directives, consonant with law, on policy and operations to the Federal agencies and departments as may be necessary to carry out the programs developed, the policies established, and the decisions made by the Director. It shall be the duty of all such agencies and departments to execute these directives and to make to the Director such progress and other reports as may be required.

5. The Director may perform the functions conferred upon him by the

provisions of this order through such officers and such agencies and in such manner as he shall, consonant with law and the provisions of this order, determine.

6. Within the limitations of funds which may be made available, the Director may employ necessary personnel and make provision for supplies, facilities, and services necessary to discharge his responsibilities.

7. To the extent that any provision of any prior Executive order or directive is inconsistent with the provisions of this order, the latter shall control.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
December 16, 1950.

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10194

ESTABLISHING THE FEDERAL SAFETY COUNCIL

WHEREAS by section 33 (c) of the Federal Employees Compensation Act (5 U. S. C. 784), as amended by section 209 of the act of October 14, 1949 (Public Law 357, 81st Congress), the Congress declared its purpose to reduce the number of accidents and injuries among Government officers and employees, encourage safe practices, eliminate work hazards and health risks, and reduce compensable injuries; and

WHEREAS by the said act, as amended, and as modified by Reorganization Plan No. 19 of 1950, effective May 24, 1950 (15 F. R. 3178), the heads of Government departments and agencies are directed to develop, support, and foster organized safety promotion, and to keep such records of injuries and accidents to persons covered by the said act, and to make such statistical and other reports, as the Secretary of Labor may prescribe; and

WHEREAS the President is authorized by the said act, as amended, to establish by Executive order a safety council composed of representatives of Government departments and agencies to serve as an advisory body to the Secretary of Labor in furtherance of the safety program carried out by the Secretary pursuant to section 33 of the aforesaid act, as amended, and to undertake such other measures as he deems proper to prevent injuries and accidents to persons covered by the said act:

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of the authority vested in me by section 33 (c)

¹ *Supra*.

2. The name of the Committee established by paragraph 1 of the order as the "National Advisory Committee on the Selection of Doctors, Dentists, and Allied Specialists" is changed to "National Advisory Committee on the Selection of Physicians, Dentists, and Allied Specialists".

3. Paragraph 4 of the order is hereby amended to read as follows:

"4. Within the limits of applicable law, the Selective Service System shall defray necessary expenses of the Committee, including the compensation of the members thereof, and necessary expenses of those State and local volunteer advisory committees which may be designated by the Committee."

4. This order shall be effective as of October 4, 1950.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,

December 1, 1950.

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10186

ESTABLISHING THE FEDERAL CIVIL DEFENSE ADMINISTRATION IN THE OFFICE FOR EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT OF THE EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and the statutes, and in furtherance of the civil defense of the United States, it is ordered as follows:

1. There is hereby established the Federal Civil Defense Administration (hereinafter referred to as the Administration) in the Office for Emergency Management of the Executive Office of the President. At the head of the Administration shall be an Administrator who shall be appointed by the President with compensation at the rate of \$17,500 a year, and who may appoint a Deputy Administrator with compensation at the rate of \$16,000 a year. The foregoing appointments shall be made without regard to the civil-service laws and the Classification Act of 1949.

2. The basic purpose of the Administration shall be to promote and facilitate the civil defense of the United States in cooperation with the several States. Subject to the direction and control of the President and within such amounts of funds as may be made available, and in accordance with law, the Administrator shall perform the following functions:

(a) Prepare comprehensive Federal plans and programs for the civil defense of the United States and coordinate them with the civil-defense activities of the States, of neighboring countries, and, with the consent of any such country, of any state, province, or similar political subdivision thereof.

(b) Conduct or arrange for the conduct of research to develop civil-defense measures and equipment and to effect the standardization thereof.

(c) Disseminate civil-defense information and exchange such information with foreign countries.

(d) Conduct or arrange for training programs for the instruction of State and local civil-defense leaders and specialists in the organization, operation, and techniques of civil defense.

(e) Assist and encourage any two States or groups of States or any one or more States and any neighboring state, province, or similar political subdivision of a foreign country, with the consent of such foreign country, in negotiating and entering into agreements or compacts for mutual aid across State lines, or into or out of the United States, to meet emergencies or disasters from enemy attacks which cannot be adequately met or controlled by the local forces: *Provided*, That all such agreements or compacts shall be subject to the consent of the Congress.

(f) Make appropriate provision for necessary civil-defense communications.

3. All departments and agencies of the Federal Government are authorized and directed to cooperate with the Administrator and, to the extent permitted by law, to furnish the Administrator such information and assistance as he may require in the performance of his functions under this order. The Administrator shall, to the extent practicable, utilize existing facilities and services of the departments and other agencies. The Administrator shall review the civil-defense activities of the departments and agencies and promote the coordination of these activities with one another and with the comprehensive Federal plans and programs prepared by the Administrator pursuant to this order. Insofar as the functions assigned hereunder relate to negotiations or the exchange of information with foreign countries or their political subdivisions, such functions shall be performed in cooperation with and subject to the approval of the Secretary of State.

4. To the extent necessary to carry out the provisions of this order, the Administrator is authorized (1) to employ civilian personnel for duty in the United States, including the District of Columbia, or elsewhere, subject to the civil-service laws, (2) to fix the compensation of such personnel in accordance with the Classification Act of 1949, and (3) to make provision for supplies, facilities, and services: *Provided*, That the rates of compensation for not more than twenty-two positions (1) may be fixed without regard to the Classification Act of 1949, (2) shall be not less than \$11,200 or more than \$14,000 *per annum*, and (3) shall be fixed subject to the approval of the Civil Service Commission in those cases in which they are \$13,000 or less *per annum* and subject to the approval of the President in those cases in which they are more than \$13,000 *per annum*.

5. The Administrator is authorized to employ experts and consultants or organizations thereof, in accordance with and subject to the provisions of section 15 of the act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates not in excess of \$50 *per diem*. While away from their homes or regular places of business, on the business of the Administration, persons so employed may be paid actual transportation expenses and an allowance not to exceed \$15 *per diem* in lieu of subsistence and other expenses.

6. Those activities with respect to civil defense heretofore performed by employees of the National Security Resources Board which are within the scope of this order shall hereafter be performed by the Administration; and the employees now primarily engaged in performing the said activities shall be transferred from the National Security Resources Board to the Administration. The records of the National Security Resources Board relating to the said activities shall be made available to the Administrator pursuant to the provisions of Executive Order No. 9784 of September 25, 1946.¹

7. As used in this order, the terms "State" and "States" include the Territories and possessions of the United States and the District of Columbia.

8. Pending the appropriation of funds for the use of the Administration, its expenditures, including the compensation

of personnel, shall be financed out of an allotment or allotments to be made by the President from the appropriation under the heading "Executive Office of the President—Emergencies (National Defense)" appearing in the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1951 (Public Law 843, 81st Congress, approved September 27, 1950).

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
December 1, 1950.

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10187

AMENDMENT OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 10011¹ OF OCTOBER 22, 1948, AS AMENDED, AUTHORIZING THE SECRETARY OF STATE TO EXERCISE CERTAIN POWERS OF THE PRESIDENT WITH RESPECT TO THE GRANTING OF ALLOWANCES AND ALLOTMENTS TO GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL ON FOREIGN DUTY

By virtue of the authority vested in me by section 1203 of the General Appropriation Act, 1951 (Public Law 759, 81st Congress), and section 1 of the act of August 8, 1950, Public Law 673, 81st Congress, it is ordered that section 1 (d) of Executive Order No. 10011 of October 22, 1948, as amended by Executive Order No. 10085 of October 28, 1949,² authorizing the Secretary of State to exercise certain powers of the President with respect to the granting of allowances and allotments to Government personnel on foreign duty, be, and it is hereby, amended to read as follows:

"(d) The authority vested in the President by section 1203 of the General Appropriation Act, 1951 (Public Law 759, 81st Congress), and by section 302 of the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948 (62 Stat. 8) to prescribe, with respect to civilian officers and employees of the Government, regulations governing living-quarters allowances, cost-of-living allowances, and representation allowances in accordance with, or similar to, such allowances authorized by the said act of June 26, 1930, or the said section 901 of the Foreign Service Act of 1946."

This order shall be effective as of July 1, 1950.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
December 4, 1950.

¹ 3 CFR 1948 Supp., p. 244.

² 3 CFR, 1949 Supp., p. 128.

¹ 3 CFR, 1946 Supp.

1. 84° 09' 470.12 feet along the land set aside by Presidential Executive Order No. 2381 dated May 11, 1916, under the control of the Department of Commerce;
2. 148° 43' 275.72 feet along Honolulu Harbor Pierhead—Bulkhead line;
3. 239° 16' 806.63 feet along Pier 6, along the land set aside by Governor's Executive Order 1081;
4. 329° 33' 96.46 feet along the west side of Ala Moana;
5. 354° 25' 416.55 feet along the west side of Ala Moana to the Point of Beginning.

The area of this tract is 4.834 acres.

This tract is described on the blueprint bearing the legend "Portion of Honolulu Harbor (Piers 5 and 5-A) to be returned to the control of the Territory of Hawaii—H. K. L. 4-14-48" on file in the Survey Department, Territory of Hawaii.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
March 26, 1949.

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10048

CREATING AN EMERGENCY BOARD TO INVESTIGATE A DISPUTE BETWEEN THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY (PACIFIC LINES) AND CERTAIN OF ITS EMPLOYEES

Whereas a dispute exists between the Southern Pacific Company (Pacific Lines), a carrier, and certain of its employees represented by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, a labor organization; and

Whereas this dispute has not heretofore been adjusted under the provisions of the Railway Labor Act, as amended; and

Whereas this dispute, in the judgment of the National Mediation Board, threatens substantially to interrupt interstate commerce to a degree such as to deprive a large section of the country of essential transportation service:

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of the authority vested in me by section 10 of the Railway Labor Act, as amended (45 U. S. C. 160), I hereby create a board of three members, to be appointed by me, to investigate the said dispute. No member of the said board shall be peculiarly or otherwise interested in any organization of employees or any carrier.

The board shall report its findings to the President with respect to the said dispute within thirty days from the date of this order.

As provided by section 10 of the Railway Labor Act, as amended, from this

date and for thirty days after the board has made its report to the President, no change, except by agreement, shall be made by the Southern Pacific Company (Pacific Lines) or its employees in the conditions out of which the said dispute arose.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
March 30, 1949.

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10049

DELEGATING THE AUTHORITY OF THE PRESIDENT TO PRESCRIBE CLOTHING ALLOWANCES, AND CASH ALLOWANCES IN LIEU THEREOF, TO ENLISTED MEN IN THE ARMED FORCES

By virtue of the authority vested in me as President of the United States and as Commander in Chief of the Armed Forces, it is ordered as follows:

1. The Secretary of Defense in respect of the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Naval Reserve, and Marine Corps Reserve, and the Secretary of the Treasury in respect of the Coast Guard and the Coast Guard Reserve, are hereby authorized and directed, after appropriate consultation with the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, to perform the functions vested in the President by the last paragraph of section 10 of the Pay Readjustment Act of 1942, as amended (37 U. S. C. 110), relative to prescribing the quantity and kind of clothing which shall be furnished annually to enlisted men of the aforesaid services and relative to prescribing the amount of the cash allowance to be paid to such enlisted men in any case in which clothing is not so furnished to them.

2. The quantity and kind of clothing, and any cash allowances in lieu thereof, prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury hereunder shall, as far as practicable, be in conformity with those prescribed by the Secretary of Defense in respect of the Navy and Naval Reserve.

3. Existing regulations governing the subject matters of this order, including such regulations prescribed by Executive order, shall, subject to the termination of any such Executive order by its own terms, remain in effect until modified, revoked, or superseded by action taken pursuant to this order.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
April 2, 1949.

Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy, it is hereby ordered as follows:

The functions, powers, and duties, with respect to placing orders for materials, supplies, equipment, work, or services, of any kind that any requisitioned Federal agency may be in a position to supply, or to render or to obtain by contract, which are vested in the War Department, Navy Department, Treasury Department, Civil Aeronautics Administration, and the Maritime Commission under section 7 (a) of the act of May 21, 1920 (41 Stat. 613), as amended by section 601 of the act of June 30, 1932 (47 Stat. 417), and the act of July 20, 1942 (56 Stat. 661, 31 U.S.C., 686) may be exercised also by the War Food Administration, and by any constituent agency or corporation thereof designated by the War Food Administrator. Any provision of any Executive order or proclamation conflicting with this order is superseded to the extent of such conflict.

FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT

THE WHITE HOUSE,

January 29, 1944

EXECUTIVE ORDER 9419

BRONZE STAR MEDAL

By virtue of the authority vested in me as President of the United States and as Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, it is hereby ordered as follows:

There is hereby established the Bronze Star Medal, with accompanying ribbons and appurtenances, for award to any person who, while serving in any capacity in or with the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard of the United States on or after December 7, 1941, distinguishes, or has distinguished, himself by heroic or meritorious achievement or service, not involving participation in aerial flight, in connection with military or naval operations against an enemy of the United States.

The Bronze Star Medal and appurtenances thereto shall be of appropriate design approved by the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy, and may be awarded by the Secretary of War, or the Secretary of the Navy, or by such commanding officers of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard as the said Secretaries may respectively designate. Awards shall be made under such regulations as the said Secretaries shall sev-

erally prescribe, and such regulations shall, so far as practicable, be of uniform application.

No more than one Bronze Star Medal shall be awarded to any one person, but for each succeeding heroic or meritorious achievement or service justifying such an award a suitable device may be awarded to be worn with the medal as prescribed by appropriate regulations. The Bronze Star Medal or device may be awarded posthumously, and, when so awarded, may be presented to such representative of the deceased as may be designated in the award.

FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT

THE WHITE HOUSE,

February 4, 1944

EXECUTIVE ORDER 9420

AUTHORIZING THE SECRETARY OF WAR TO TAKE POSSESSION OF AND OPERATE THE PLANTS AND FACILITIES OF THE ARKWRIGHT CORPORATION, BERKSHIRE FINE SPINNING ASSOCIATES, INC., BORDER CITY MANUFACTURING COMPANY, BOURNE MILLS, HOWARD ARTHUR MILLS, RICHARD BORDEN MANUFACTURING COMPANY, AND SAGAMORE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, IN AND ABOUT FALL RIVER, MASSACHUSETTS

WHEREAS after investigation I find and proclaim that as a result of a labor disturbance there is an interruption of the operation of the plants and facilities of the Arkwright Corporation, Berkshire Fine Spinning Associates, Inc., Border City Manufacturing Company, Bourne Mills, Howard Arthur Mills, Richard Borden Manufacturing Company, and Sagamore Manufacturing Company, in and about Fall River, Massachusetts, and that the war effort is being and will be unduly impeded or delayed by this interruption:

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of the power and authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the United States, particularly the War Labor Disputes Act of June 25, 1943 (Public Law, 78th Cong.), as President of the United States and Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. The Secretary of War is hereby authorized to take possession of the plants and facilities of the companies hereinafter named, and to the extent deemed desirable by him of any additional textile plants, facilities or installations situated

necessary or desirable, to produce the war materials called for by the Company's contracts with the United States, its departments and agencies, or as may be otherwise required for the war effort, and do all things necessary or incidental to that end. The Secretary of War shall permit the management to continue with its managerial functions to the maximum degree possible consistent with the aims of this order. The Secretary of War shall make employment available under existing collective bargaining contracts to all workers who seek employment in the plant to the extent that they are needed.

Possession and operation hereunder shall be terminated by the President as soon as he determines that the plant or plants above listed can be operated without the protection provided by this order.

FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT

THE WHITE HOUSE,
November 20, 1943.

EXECUTIVE ORDER 9396

AUTHORIZING THE SECRETARY OF WAR TO ISSUE CITATIONS IN THE NAME OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES TO ARMY UNITS FOR OUTSTANDING PERFORMANCE IN ACTION

By virtue of the authority vested in me as President of the United States, and as Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, it is ordered as follows:

1. The Secretary of War is hereby authorized and directed to issue a citation in the name of the President of the United States, as public evidence of deserved honor and distinction, to any organization, unit, detachment, or installation of the Army of the United States or the Army of the Philippine Commonwealth for outstanding performance of duty in action on or after December 7, 1941.

2. An appropriate streamer, emblem, or guidon band, of such form and design as may be determined by the Secretary of War, may be displayed by the organization, unit, detachment, or installation described above, to which such citation is issued.

3. After any organization, unit, detachment, or installation of the Army of the United States or the Army of the Philippine Commonwealth is so cited for outstanding performance of duty in ac-

tion occurring on or after December 7, 1941, a suitable device identifying such citation shall be issued to all officers and enlisted men who are assigned or attached as members of such organization, the device to become a part of the uniform of that organization; and any individual who was assigned or attached as a member of such organization on the occasion for which the citation was issued as provided herein, shall be entitled to wear the individual device, as a part of the uniform, at all times and wherever serving.

4. This order supersedes Executive Order No. 9075 of February 26, 1942,¹ relating to the same matter.

FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT

THE WHITE HOUSE,
November 22, 1943.

EXECUTIVE ORDER 9397

NUMBERING SYSTEM FOR FEDERAL ACCOUNTS RELATING TO INDIVIDUAL PERSONS

WHEREAS certain Federal agencies from time to time require in the administration of their activities a system of numerical identification of accounts of individual persons; and

WHEREAS some seventy million persons have heretofore been assigned account numbers pursuant to the Social Security Act; and

WHEREAS a large percentage of Federal employees have already been assigned account numbers pursuant to the Social Security Act; and

WHEREAS it is desirable in the interest of economy and orderly administration that the Federal Government move towards the use of a single, unduplicated numerical identification system of accounts and avoid the unnecessary establishment of additional systems:

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of the authority vested in me as President of the United States, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. Hereafter any Federal department, establishment, or agency shall, whenever the head thereof finds it advisable to establish a new system of permanent account numbers pertaining to individual persons, utilize exclusively the Social Security Act account numbers assigned pursuant to Title 26, section 402.502 of

¹ 3 CFR Cum. Supp.

the service and are not now exempted therefrom by Executive order, are hereby exempted from automatic separation from the service until April 30, 1942: *Provided*, That the head of the department or agency concerned may, in his discretion, require the retirement of any such officer or employee at the end of any month prior to April 1942, except that the date of retirement shall be fixed so as to permit the allowance of any annual leave (accumulated or current) to which such officer or employee may be entitled.

FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT

THE WHITE HOUSE,

January 30, 1942.

EXECUTIVE ORDER 9048

SUSPENDING THE LIMITATIONS UPON PUNISHMENTS FOR VIOLATIONS OF ARTICLES OF WAR 58, 59 AND 36

By virtue of the authority vested in me by Article of War 45, Chapter II, act of June 4, 1920, 41 Stat. 759, 796, and as President of the United States, I hereby suspend until further order, as to offenses hereafter committed, the limitations prescribed by the Table of Maximum Punishments, paragraph 10⁴ (c) of the Manual for Courts-Martial, United States Army (1928), upon punishments for violations of Articles of War 58, 59, and 36, relating, respectively, to desertion, aiding or advising another to desert, and misbehavior of sentinels.

FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT

THE WHITE HOUSE,

February 3, 1942.

EXECUTIVE ORDER 9049

ORDERING CERTAIN ORGANIZATIONS AND UNITS OF THE ORGANIZED RESERVES INTO THE ACTIVE MILITARY SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES

Under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by Public Resolution 96, approved August 27, 1940, 54 Stat. 858, as amended by Public Law 338, 77th Congress, approved December 13, 1941, and by the National Defense Act of 1916 (39 Stat. 166), as amended, and as Commander in Chief of the Army of the United States, I hereby order into the active military service of the United States, effective on dates to be hereafter

announced by the Secretary of War, for the duration of the present war and for six months after the termination thereof, subject to earlier relief or discharge, each of the organizations and units and all of the personnel of the Organized Reserves not already in such service.

FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT

THE WHITE HOUSE,

February 6, 1942.

EXECUTIVE ORDER 9050

AUTHORIZING AND DIRECTING THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY TO ISSUE CITATIONS IN THE NAME OF THE PRESIDENT TO NAVAL AND MARINE CORPS UNITS FOR OUTSTANDING PERFORMANCE IN ACTION

By virtue of the authority vested in me as President of the United States, and as Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, it is ordered as follows:

1. The Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized and directed to issue a citation in the name of the President of the United States, as public evidence of deserved honor and distinction, to any ship, aircraft, or other naval unit, and to any Marine Corps aircraft, detachment, or higher unit, for outstanding performance in action on or after October 16, 1941.

2. Appropriate insignia of such form and design as may be determined by the Secretary of the Navy may be displayed by any ship, aircraft, naval unit, or any Marine Corps aircraft, detachment, or higher unit, to which such citation is issued.

3. After any naval or Marine Corps unit is so cited on two or more separate occasions for outstanding performance in action occurring on or after October 16, 1941, such insignia shall become a part of the uniform of such unit, and shall be issued to officers and men who may thereafter become members of such unit; and such insignia may be worn at all times by individuals who were attached to the unit so cited on one of the two or more occasions in connection with which the citation was issued, whether they thereafter serve with such unit or with a different unit.

FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT

THE WHITE HOUSE,

February 6, 1942.

EXECUTIVE ORDER 7347

AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 7083 OF JUNE 24, 1935, PRESCRIBING RULES AND REGULATIONS RELATING TO METHODS OF PROSECUTING PROJECTS UNDER THE EMERGENCY RELIEF APPROPRIATION ACT OF 1935

AMENDMENT TO REGULATION NO. 3

By virtue of and pursuant to the authority vested in me by the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act of 1935, approved April 8, 1935 (49 Stat. 115), the provisions of sections 4(b), 5(c), and 6(c) of Regulation No. 3, issued as Executive Order No. 7083 of June 24, 1935, are hereby modified and amended to the extent that as to separate contracts let for foundations on housing projects being carried on under the supervision of the Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works and financed from funds appropriated by the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act of 1935, the contractor constructing the superstructure shall be obligated to perform, directly and without subcontracting, not less than fifteen per centum (15%) of the project, to be calculated on the same basis as the twenty-five per centum (25%) heretofore specified in the said sections 4(b), 5(c), and 6(c).

FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT

THE WHITE HOUSE,
April 15, 1936.

EXECUTIVE ORDER 7348

[Exemption of Harvey A. Harding from compulsory retirement for age.]

EXECUTIVE ORDER 7349

MODIFYING EXECUTIVE ORDER OF JUNE 8, 1926, CREATING RESERVOIR SITE RESERVE NO. 17, PACIFIC SLOPE BASINS, CALIFORNIA

MODIFICATION NO. 401

By virtue of and pursuant to the authority vested in me by the act of June 25, 1910, ch. 421, 36 Stat. 847, as amended by the act of August 24, 1912, ch. 369, 37 Stat. 497, it is ordered that the Executive Order of June 8, 1926, creating Reservoir Site Reserve No. 17, be, and it is hereby, modified to the extent necessary to enable the Federal Power Commission to issue an amendment to a license for Project No. 966 on the following-described lands on condition that whenever the

lands are required for reservoir purposes the licensee agrees at its own expense to remove its project works from said lands or from such portions thereof as may be required for reservoir purposes within thirty days after receipt of notice from the Secretary of the Interior:

SAN BERNARDINO MERIDIAN

All portions of the following sections lying within 50 feet of the center line of the transmission line location shown on a map designated "Exhibit K", and entitled "Detail Map of Electric Distribution Line in West Fork San Gabriel Canyon and Angeles National Forest," and filed in the office of the Federal Power Commission, October 19, 1935: T. 2 N., R. 9 W., sec. 19.
T. 2 N., R. 10 W., secs. 22, 23, and 24.

Executive Order No. 5906 of August 18, 1932, which modified the said Executive Order of June 8, 1926, to the extent of authorizing the Federal Power Commission to issue a license for Project No. 1209, is hereby revoked.

FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT

THE WHITE HOUSE,
April 18, 1936.

EXECUTIVE ORDER 7350

INSPECTION OF INCOME, PROFITS, AND CAPITAL STOCK TAX RETURNS BY THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE INVESTIGATING OLD AGE PENSION ORGANIZATIONS

By virtue of the authority vested in me by section 257(a) of the Revenue Act of 1926 (44 Stat. 9, 51); section 55 of the Revenue Act of 1928 (45 Stat. 791, 809); section 55 of the Revenue Act of 1932 (47 Stat. 169, 189), as amended by section 218(h) of the National Industrial Recovery Act (48 Stat. 195, 209); section 55(a) and section 701(e) of the Revenue Act of 1934 (48 Stat. 680, 698, 770); and section 215(e) of the National Industrial Recovery Act (48 Stat. 195, 208), it is hereby ordered that income, profits, and capital stock tax returns made under the Revenue Act of 1934, the National Industrial Recovery Act, the Revenue Act of 1932, as amended by the National Industrial Recovery Act, and the prior Revenue Acts shall be open to inspection by the Special Committee Investigating Old Age Pension Organizations, appointed under House Resolution 443, 74th Congress, 2d Session, passed March 10, 1936, such inspection to be in accordance and upon compliance with the rules and regulations prescribed by the Secretary of